RENMARK PARINGA COUNCIL

R

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLAN

Inside

Disaster Risk Reduction

Incident Operations

Recovery



Document Control		Document ID: F	RPC Emerge	ncy Management Pla	n
Rev No	Date	Revision Details	Author	Reviewer	Approver
1.0	July 2020	Draft Plan created and released for public consultation	T Tol	Council	Council

Contents

E	KECU	TIVE SUM	MARY	2
1.	INT	RODUCTI	ON	2
	1.1.	PURPOSE		2
	1.2.	LINK TO R	ELATED COUNCIL PLANS	2
	1.3.	SCOPE AN	ND EXCLUSIONS	3
2.	CO	NTEXT		4
	2.1.	COMMUNI	TY PROFILE	4
	2.2.	COUNCIL	AND COMMUNITY VALUES	5
	2.3.	South Au	JSTRALIAN EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS	5
	2.4.	PARTNERS	S IN EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT	6
	2.5.	EMERGEN	ICY RISK ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING	6
3.	EM	ERGENCY	Y MANAGEMENT PLAN	8
	3.1.	SUMMARY	/ – COUNCIL'S EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PRIORITIES	8
	3.2.	DISASTER	RISK REDUCTION	8
	3.2	.1. Cour	ncil's role – Disaster risk reduction	8
	3.2	.2. Cour	ncil activities that contribute to disaster risk reduction	8
	3.3.	INCIDENT	OPERATIONS	9
	3.3	.1. Cour	ncil's Role - incident operations	9
	3.3	.2. Cour	ncil activities that contribute to incident operations	9
	3.4.	RECOVER	Y	10
	3.4	.1. Cour	ncil's Role – Recovery	10
	3.4	.2. Cour	ncil activities that contribute to recovery	10
4.	IMI		ATION ARRANGEMENTS	
	4.1.	RESOURC	ING THIS PLAN	11
	4.2.	Monitori	ING AND IMPROVEMENT	11
ΔΙ	PPFN	DIX 1 FME	ERGENCY MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN	12

Executive Summary

Emergencies can occur at any time and with rapidly spread little warning, can designated boundaries and cause diverse and widespread impacts across affected communities. The Renmark Paringa Council area has experienced emergencies in the past and anticipates new threats will emerge in response to changing social, environmental and economic conditions of the future. In particular, projected impacts of climate change may increase the impact of extreme weather events, bushfires and high-water events to the region.

Councils can help to minimise these threats and contribute to the safety and wellbeing of their communities by participating in local emergency management.

The State Emergency Management Plan (SEMP) articulates the roles and responsibilities that Local Government may play in local emergency management planning. As well as the legislative and administrative roles under the SEMP, the Local Government Emergency Management Framework (LGEMF) 2019 sets out roles for councils in the areas of disaster risk reduction, incident operations and recovery.

This Emergency Management Plan is an implementation document that exists to translate Renmark Paringa Councils' emergency management priorities into clearly defined actions responsibility with resources allocated to disaster risk reduction, incident operations and recovery.

The priorities established for this plan are:

Disaster risk reduction

Priority 1 – To ensure Council is actively preventing and preparing for emergencies.

Priority 2 – Ensure organisational wide buy in and build understanding on the importance of emergency management.

Priority 3 – Helping build community understanding and resilience in emergency prevention.

Incident operations

Priority 4 – To ensure Council has the capability and resources to support emergency management.

Priority 5 – Ensuring operational arrangements and communication systems and processes with control agencies and community are clear and well understood by staff and elected members.

Recovery

Priority 6 – Preparing to proactively advocate for and provide leadership in the community lead recovery from emergencies.

This document forms part of our commitment to emergency management and ensures that we have a coordinated and planned approach to managing the consequences of emergencies on communities.

1.Introduction

1.1. Purpose

Renmark Paringa Council's (our) Emergency Management Plan (the plan) establishes our strategic direction for emergency management and describes the actions that we will take to reduce disaster risk, maintain incident operational capability, and prepare for recovery. The plan identifies responsibility and resources to achieve broad strategies and is not for use in incident or recovery operations.



In accordance with the State Emergency Management Plan, Local Government Emergency Management Framework and the Emergency Management Planning Guide for SA Councils, the plan:

- Describes the context for the plan in terms of council and community values, related plans, the state emergency management arrangements and the council's partners in emergency management.
- Establishes linkages between the plan and other relevant council or regional strategies and plans that contribute to management of emergency risk.
- Identifies emergency risks in the council area, and their possible impacts on council and community values.
- Identifies the strategies council has or will adopt to manage emergency risks.
- Describes how the strategies will be acted upon by describing specific tasks and allocating accountability, resources and timeframes.
- Identifies the monitoring and improvement processes associated with the plan, including exercising.

1.2. Link to Related Council Plans

This Emergency Management Plan has links to a range of our strategic documents, including;

- Annual Business Plan and Budget
- Community Plan 2016-2020
- Long Term Financial Plan 2020-2030
- Infrastructure and Asset Management Plan 2020-2030
- Emergency Management Policy
- Storm Management Procedure
- Community Development Strategy 2016-2020

This Emergency Management Plan also aligns to regional plans including;

- Murray Mallee Zone Emergency Management Plan
- Murray Mallee Bushfire Management Area Plan
- Murraylands & Riverland LGA Regional Public Health and Wellbeing Plan
- Climate Change Adaptation Plan for the South Australian Murray Darling Basin

1.3. Scope and Exclusions

Our Emergency Management Plan is limited to community emergency risks that are within Council's sphere of influence and responsibility. The plan does not address the management of internal emergency risk to our operations or services as these are addressed in the Renmark Paringa Council Business Continuity Plan and other internal procedures.

This plan is a strategic level directions document and does not address the operational arrangements of the Renmark Paringa Council in an emergency, Operational arrangements are contained in the Renmark Paringa Incident Operations Arrangements and the Renmark Paringa Recovery Arrangements documents.

2.Context

2.1. Community Profile

We are a river-based community, with the Murray River as the lifeblood of the community. We are located approximately 220km North East of Adelaide and we enjoy a warm semi-arid climate that supports our vibrant tourism, agricultural and intensive horticultural industries.

We cover an area of 407 km² and we have 5,185 rateable properties in the district.

Population Demographics

We are home to 9,475 people with 4,506 dwellings in the district. 21.0% of our residents are over 65 years of age, 22.3% of our population are born overseas and 20.8% of our population speak a language other than English at home.

Business Assets and Economy

Our economy is centred on irrigated primary production, with viticulture being the major industry, supported by an expanding citrus and almond industry plus stone fruit and vegetables. Dry land farming is also a primary industry in the district. Our largest employer is the agriculture, forestry and fishing industry with 18.9% of workers followed by 11.1% in health care and social assistance industries, 10.3% in the retail industry and 8.3% in manufacturing industries.

Tourism

The accommodation and food service industry employs 7.6% of the regions workforce. The regions tourism industry is centered around its river activities, sport and recreation facilities and national and river parks that support 4WD, fishing and camping in the region. The area caters for strong river houseboat and boating recreation usage and activities.

Major infrastructure and Transport

Our district is home to wine manufacturing as well as wine and almond packaging facilities. The region has the Sturt Highway (A20) a major freight route (Adelaide to Sydney) passing through the centre of the region. The Renmark Airport is located 7.5km to the south west of the township and supports light passenger and recreational aircraft. To the east of the Renmark township is the historic Paringa Bridge which supports the Sturt Highway traffic to cross the Murray River.

Natural Assets

The River Murray is the major natural asset in the district with numerous river side parks and reserves. To the north of Renmark township is the Riverland Ramsar site which is approximately 30,600 hectares in size, the site consist of a variety of wetland types, including: channels, anabranches, billabongs, floodplains, swamps and lakes.

2.2. Council and Community Values

What we and our community value are drivers for why we are involved in emergency management. The variable nature of emergencies can pose a threat to what we value in many ways.

Our community values the following aspects of our district:

- The Murray River
- Our relaxed way of life and river lifestyle including camping and fishing
- Our primary production and associated businesses, in particular those in horticulture and wine production
- Our tourism businesses and nature based tourism
- Our roads, parks, open space, and sporting facilities
- Our friendly community and our community spirit
- Having access to good health services
- Our multicultural diversity throughout our region

2.3. South Australian Emergency Management Arrangements

The role of local government in emergency management is informed by the State Emergency Management Plan (SEMP) and the Local Government Emergency Management Framework (LGEMF). They are enabled by the Local Government Act 1999, which outlines the requirement for Councils to consider risks (including emergency risks) as follows:

- Make informed decisions (section 6)
- Take measures to protect their area from natural hazards (section 7)
- Provide infrastructure for community and for development (section 7)
- Ensure the sustainability of the council's long-term financial performance (section 8)
- Assess the maintenance, replacement or development needs for infrastructure (section 122)
- Identify anticipated or predicted changes in any factors that make a significant contribution to the costs of the council's activities or operations (section 122).

In addition, the Local Government Act requires Council's to "give due weight, in all its plans, policies and activities to regional, state and national objectives and strategies concerning the economic, social, physical and environmental development and management of the community" (section 8).

The SEMP sets out the role of local government in emergency management as follows:

"Local government has a fundamental enabling role in emergency management because of their strong relationships with local community networks and knowledge of locally available resources.

Local governments have responsibilities, in partnership with state government, to contribute to the safety and wellbeing of their communities by participating in local emergency management response and recovery."

As well as the legislative and administrative roles under the SEMP, the Local Government Emergency Management Framework 2019 sets out roles for councils in three key areas: disaster risk reduction, incident operations, and recovery.

This plan supports us to fulfil our roles in emergency management in accordance with the Local Government Act, State Emergency Management Plan and the Local Government Emergency Management Framework.

2.4. Partners in Emergency Management

We acknowledge that emergency management is a shared responsibility, and we have roles in the emergency management plans of our partners. Our key partners are;

- · Our community and service clubs and groups,
- Our local businesses,
- Local emergency services such as SAPOL, Country Fire Service (CFS), State Emergency Service (SES) and SA Ambulance,
- Other Government Agencies such as the Department of Environment and Water (DEW) and the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI)

We participate in regional emergency management planning through the:

- Murraylands and Riverland LGA
- Murray Mallee Zone Emergency Management Committee
- Murray Mallee Bushfire Management Area Committee
- Riverland Mallee Local Health Network Committee

In addition, we are also a participating organisation of the Local Government Functional Support Group (LGFSG). In accordance with Section 2.2 of Part Two of the State Emergency Management Plan the LGFSG has the responsibility of "Coordinating response from local government during an emergency".

2.5. Emergency Risk Assessment and Planning

The approach taken to establish the emergency risks for this plan were:

- 1. A structured review of all current Council and regional strategies and plans to identify emergency hazards and risks that we have previously identified as well as emergency hazards and risks identified by regional Councils and partner organisations.
- 2. Structured workshops with our staff to collect information relevant to the design of the plan and to undertake a risk review and validation.
- 3. Workshop with our Elected Members to understand community understanding of emergency risks and the capacity of our community to manage risks.

As a result of this work, Table 1 on page 7 identifies the main hazards and risks they present to us and our community.

2.6. Opportunities that exist for Emergency Management

We have identified several opportunities that exist to prepare for and manage emergencies in the district, these include;

- Appropriate forward planning within Council and community.
- Proactive preparations of our staff and resources.
- Working with community stakeholders and government agencies.
- Effective implementation of the Riverland Integrated Mosquito Management Plan and Murray Mallee Bushfire Management Area Plan.
- Established community stakeholders regarding levy banks and riverine flooding.
- Engagement with community and businesses to facilitate joint action on prevention and recovery planning.

Table 1: Emergency hazards and risks to Council and community

Hazards	Risk to Council and community include
Flood (riverine) - River Murray high water levels	 Flooding of low-lying township areas Flooding of council reserves leading to damage to infrastructure and debris in river reserves. Failure of flood levy banks around township of Renmark Mosquito control unmanageable
Extreme weather events, Storms	 Damage to council and community infrastructure Community safety impacts due to debris and fallen trees on public roads and open spaces Stormwater management and maintenance not undertaken
Power supply disruption	 Loss of economic activity Public health due to poor food storage Loss of ability to deliver services eg CMWS
Bushfire / Rural Fire	 Impact to life and infrastructure Impact to local economy Regional BMAP plans not implemented fully
Pandemic	 Disruption / loss of economic activity Added requirements on council and community Change in delivery of services that mitigate hazards and risks
Extreme weather extended drought	 Disruption / loss of economic activity Lower water supply for production Damage to council and community infrastructure eg roads, gardens Limited opportunities for asset renewal eg roads
Extreme weather heat	 Impacts on community health Damage to council and community infrastructure eg reserves / gardens. Need for extended service provision eg library / community centers
Plane / Road Accident	Damage to council and community infrastructureDisruption of social fabric of community
Extreme weather hailstorm	Disruption / loss of economic activityDamage to council and community infrastructure
Oil / chemical / industrial spill – roads and waterways	 Public health effect on community Short- and long-term damage to council, community, or natural assets
Mini Tornado	 Disruption / loss of economic activity Damage to council and community infrastructure Impact on life Impact through disruption of social fabric of community
Plant or animal pest or disease	 Disruption / loss of production and economic activity Loss of export markets for produce

7

3. Emergency Management Plan

3.1. Summary - Council's Emergency Management Priorities

Based upon our community profile (2.1), our values (2.3) and the emergency risk assessment outcomes (2.5), our emergency management priorities are:

Disaster risk reduction

Priority 1 – To ensure council is actively preventing and preparing for emergencies.

Priority 2 – Ensure organisational wide buy in and build understanding on the importance of emergency management.

Priority 3 – Helping build community understanding and resilience in emergency prevention.

Incident operations

Priority 4 – To ensure Council has the capability and resources to support emergency management.

Priority 5 – Ensuring operational arrangements and communication systems and processes with control agencies and community are clear and well understood by staff and elected members.

Recovery

Priority 6 – Preparing to proactively advocate for and provide leadership in the community lead recovery from emergencies.

Details about the actions that we will undertake to achieve these priorities is provided in Appendix 1.

This is in addition to the current actions and activity's we undertake to prevent, prepare for and recover from emergencies.

3.2. Disaster Risk Reduction

3.2.1. Council's Role - Disaster Risk Reduction

Our roles in disaster risk reduction include:

- Understand and communicate current and emerging disaster risks,
- Integrate disaster risk into existing plans and decision-making,
- Partner with local stakeholders in addressing priority emergency risks,
- Strengthen disaster resilience in communities through community development, and
- Integrate risk reduction thinking into all council activities.

3.2.2. Council Activities that Contribute to Disaster Risk Reduction

We currently undertake the following activities to reduce the disaster risk to our communities:

- Land-use planning,
- Public health measures (e.g. food safety, wastewater management, and mosquito management),
- Bushfire Management Area Planning with the CFS, government agencies and other Councils,
- Tree, land and vegetation planning and management,
- Maintenance, renewal and upgrade of roads, footpaths and buildings,
- Traffic management in emergencies,

- Stormwater infrastructure planning, maintenance, renewal and upgrade,
- Community Wastewater Management Scheme (CWMS) planning, maintenance, renewal and upgrade,
- Building Fire Safety inspections,
- Appointing Fire Prevention Officer(s) to undertake inspections of private and community land and issuing notices under the Fire and Emergency Services Act 2005,
- Climate Change adaptation planning,
- Maintaining asset, liability and WHS insurance,
- Provision of information to the community, and
- Providing flood barrier maintenance and mitigation works.

3.3. Incident Operations

3.3.1. Council's Role - incident operations

We will support our community, other Councils and the South Australian emergency management arrangements immediately before, during and immediately after an incident.

When participating in incident operations we will do so within the scope of our Emergency Management Policy, the i-Responda operating platform, the Local Government Incident Operations Protection Guide and, when appropriate, as members of the Local Government Functional Support Group.

Our processes, systems and procedures in incident operations are detailed in our Incident Operations Arrangements document.

The key roles in incident operations can be summarised as:

- Developing a locally relevant risk-based suite of incident operational arrangements,
- Building our capability to participate in the Local Government Functional Support Group (LGFSG), and
- Participating in incident operations in accordance with the i-Responda operating platform.

3.3.2. Council activities that contribute to incident operations

We currently undertake the following activities to contribute to incident operations that support the emergency services and their communities:

- Environmental health services provision in emergencies,
- Contribution of local knowledge to responding agencies,
- Waste management that results from emergencies,
- Traffic management to manage public safety in emergencies,
- Flood mitigation and management on public lands,
- Management of community facilities used in emergencies,
- Provision of plant resources and equipment to support incident response,
- Clearing and management of debris from storms, accidents, fires, and flood,
- Provision of venues during heatwave conditions for daytime relief, and
- Communication linkages with the community during emergencies.

3.4. Recovery

3.4.1. Council's Role - Recovery

We will provide leadership and support to the community in recovery. Our Recovery Arrangements identify how we will participate in recovery.

3.4.2. Council Activities that Contribute to Recovery

Depending on the scale of the emergency, the process of restoring emotional, social, economic, and physical wellbeing, reconstructing physical infrastructure, and restoring the environment following an emergency can take weeks, months, or even years.

After a major emergency, recovery becomes a 'whole of Council' and 'whole of community' concern that impacts upon all aspects of our business and requires a level of responsiveness to changing community needs that may go beyond 'business as usual'.

We may undertake the following activities to contribute to recovery of our community in the event of an emergency:

- Provision of environmental health services (for example food safety, sanitation, hygiene),
- Supplementary waste management services,
- Road infrastructure and road furniture restoration and renewal.
- Stormwater infrastructure maintenance, renewal, and upgrade,
- Planning and restoration of public spaces, vegetation, and recreational areas,
- Community development (for example community events, economic and tourism development),
- Advocating for and management of community grant programs,
- Advocacy for grants and services from State and Federal Governments and NGO's,
- Communication and leadership with community,
- Provision of economic measures (for example rate relief), and
- Supporting meetings of community and government agencies.

4.Implementation Arrangements

4.1. Actions to Deliver on Priorities

We will undertake short and longer-term actions to address the priorities for emergency management. These actions will strengthen resilience and better prepare ourselves and our community for future emergencies. An action list against our priorities is contained in Appendix 1 to this plan.

4.2. Resourcing this Plan

We will ensure the resourcing of this plan by:

- Considering appropriate budget and resource allocation during the Annual Business Planning process each year in the context of the achievement of this plan and the priorities described for the year.
- Maintaining existing services as described in this plan i.e. environmental health, vegetation management, fire prevention duties.
- Reviewing Job and Person Descriptions for relevant staff to ensure recognition of duties relevant to the various aspects of emergency management.

4.3. Monitoring and Improvement

This Plan will be reviewed following the Annual Business Planning process each year and amended to recognise any material changes to the Plan as a result of budget decisions.

The Executive Management team will review the Action Plan (appendix 1) annually in August each year and an information report will be presented to our elected members at the next available Council meeting.

This Plan has a life of 4 years (council election cycle) and is due for complete revision and updating within 2 years of each Council election.

Appendix 1 Emergency Management Action Plan

Council actions for disaster risk reduction

The tables below describe the actions we will undertake to reduce identified disaster risks.

Priority 1: To ensure council is actively preventing and preparing for emergencies.

Action	Comment	Timeframe
1.1 Work with Department of Environment and Water to update riverine flood mapping and key stakeholder contacts for township levy banks.	Council is currently assisting DEW with its Constraints Management project to provide accurate information on assets within potential flooded areas	On going
1.2 Undertake an emergency hazards risk assessment that clearly identifies the emergency risks to our Council area and create incident operation plans for each, for example; Flood, Storm event, sustained power outage, pandemic.	This will be appended to our Incident Operations Arrangements document as they are completed. The Director Infrastructure and Environmental Services will oversee the creation of the respective incident operation plans.	June 2021
1.3 Continue to participate in Murray Mallee Bushfire Management Area Plan (BMAP) committee and implement the plan before fire season.	Our Fire Prevention Officer is responsible for the BMAP	On going
1.4 Continue to participate in the Murraylands and Riverland Regional Public Health & Wellbeing Plan (MRRPHWP) committee and implementation of the Riverland Integrated Mosquito Management Plan (RIMMP)	Our Environmental Health Officer is responsible for the implementation of the (RIMMP) and participates in the MRRPHWP committee.	On going
1.5 Ensure plans are up to date, resourced and implemented (including stormwater management/maintenance, tree management, bushfire prevention, development assessment, environmental health and road maintenance)	These plans are the responsibility of the Infrastructure and Environmental Services team of Council. Resourcing for maintenance and asset management is detailed in our Infrastructure and Asset Management Plan (IAMP) which is reviewed following the Annual Business Planning process each year.	On going

Priority 2: Get organisational wide buy in and build understanding on the importance of emergency management.

Action	Comment	Timeframe
2.1 Raise awareness through internal communications of normal service activities that contribute to disaster risk reduction.	This will occur as part of completing 2.3 as well as a follow up email from the Director Infrastructure and Environmental Services.	On going
2.2 Organise emergency management training for relevant staff to raise awareness of local emergency risks and council's role in managing these risks.	i-Responda Essentials training to be offered to all depot based staff who may be requested to assist during an emergency. People and Culture Officer will source this training.	November 2020
2.3 Conduct session with staff at 'all staff' meeting to introduce new emergency management documentation and provide awareness of linkages to state and zone plans.	'All staff' meetings will occur on a regular basis subject to any Covid-19 restrictions. Session to be conducted by Director Infrastructure and Environmental Services.	December 2020
2.4 Incorporate emergency management thinking and climate risks into council strategic documents (e.g. asset management plans, strategic documents, and risk registers) governance, leadership and decision making.	Community Plan is currently being reviewed and will be adopted during 2020. IAMP to be reviewed annually at the conclusion of the Annual Business Planning Process each year.	December 2020 Ongoing

Priority 3: Helping build community understanding and resilience in emergency prevention.

Action	Comment	Timeframe
3.1 Develop a dedicated section on our website containing relevant information to inform staff and the community on the importance of emergency management	Webpage to be developed and endorsed through our Communications Working Group.	December 2020
3.2 Use council's social media platforms and website to build community understanding and awareness of the potential emergency hazards and their impact on our region.	Information from control agencies and other relevant sources will be shared and links provided on Councils website	On going
3.3 Use council's social media platform and website to build community understanding and awareness of the need to have individual bushfire [emergency] prevention plans.	Information from control agencies and other relevant sources will be shared and links provided on Councils website to promote the need for individual plans.	On going

4.3.1. Council actions for incident operations

The tables below describe the actions the Renmark Paringa Council will undertake to maintain capacity to participate in incident operations

Priority 4: To ensure council has the capability and resources to support emergency management.

Action	Comment	Timeframe
4.1 Conduct a review to identify gaps in staffing capabilities to support larger emergencies.	Review will be completed by our WHS Officer.	September 2020
4.2 Based on the outcomes of 4.1, provide staff training to ensure capability to respond.	Training will be provided through the i- Responda suite of courses offered through the LGA; including but not limited to; i-Responda Essentials, i-Responda Bushfire, i-Responda Water.	November 2020
4.3 Provide training for the Emergency Operations Incident Management Team as identified in the Renmark Paringa Incident Operations Arrangements as holding those roles.	Appropriate training to be identified through the LGA.	June 2021
Review and develop register for resources in council for emergency management	Updated register to be included in Incident Operations Documentation. Linked to Action 1.2	June 2021

Priority 5: Ensuring operational arrangements and communication systems and processes with control agencies and community are clear and well understood by staff and elected members.

Action	Comment	Timeframe
5.1 Engage control agencies to identify how resources and information can be best shared in response to an emergency.	The Director Infrastructure and Environmental Services attends the Murray and Mallee Zone Emergency Management Committee (ZEMC).	On going
5.2 Develop and implement Incident Operations Arrangements to communicate council's capacity and capability to support Community and Control agencies in an emergency.	To be based on documentation provided through the LGA Council Ready program. This will be completed by our Emergency Management Working Group.	September 2020
5.3 Conduct annual testing of incident operations plans and incident operations arrangements on a regular basis.	Annual testing to occur in June/July each year, potentially in conjunction with annual testing of Business Continuity Plan. To be coordinated through our Emergency Management Working Group.	July 2021
5.4 Provide support to elected members to understand their roles and responsibilities in an emergency	Report to be provided to Council annually providing overview of implementation of the Emergency Management Plan and to reiterate elected member roles and responsibilities in an emergency.	September 2021
5.5 Understand and plan for sharing of resources with other Councils in major events through the establishment of a formal agreement between the G3 Riverland Councils	Requires support from both Berri Barmera Council (BBC) and the District Council Loxton Waikerie (DCLW).	June 2021

4.3.2. Council actions for recovery

The tables below describe the actions the Renmark Paringa Council will undertake to develop its capacity to participate in recovery.

Priority 6: Preparing to proactively advocate for and provide leadership in the community lead recovery from emergencies.

Action	Comment	Timeframe
6.1 Strengthen understanding of strategic and operation risks with emergency management implications.	Linked to Action 2.4, this is an ongoing development of our organisational knowledge of emergency management.	On going
6.2 Develop Recovery Arrangements documentation.	To be based on the documentation provided through the LGA Council Ready program. This will be completed by our Emergency Management Working Group.	September 2020
6.3 Update Council's website Emergency Management Page to be a useful portal of where to find information related to recovery from emergencies.	Linked to item 3.1. Will be completed in response to any emergency that our community has experienced. This will be completed by our Communications Team.	On going
6.4 Develop and matrix of community and government agencies and the services they provide in emergency recovery	To be appended to the Recovery Arrangements document and included on our dedicated section of our website (refer action 3.1). This will be completed by our Emergency Management Working Group.	December 2020